

**SCR 1013 : Digital Logic** 

Module 3: LOGIC GATES

NOT Gate (Inverter)
AND Gate
OR Gate
NAND Gate
NOR Gate
Exclusive-OR (XOR) Gate
Exclusive-NOR (XNOR) Gate





# Outline

- NOT Gate (Inverter)
- AND Gate
- OR Gate
- NAND Gate
- NOR Gate
- Exclusive-OR (XOR) Gate
- Exclusive-NOR (XNOR) Gate

Basic building block

Universal gate using 2 of the basic gates

Universal gate using 2 of the basic gates



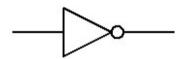


# **NOT Gate (Inverter)**

Characteristics

Performs inversion or complementation

- Changes a logic level to the opposite
- 0(LOW) → 1(HIGH); 1 → 0
- Symbol



Truth Table

Input	Output
1	0
0	1



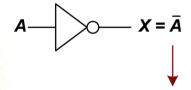


# **NOT Gate (Inverter)**

- Operator
  - NOT Gate is represented by overbar



Logic expression



X is the complement of A

X is the inverse of A

X is NOT A



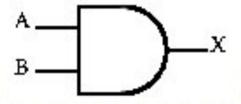


# **AND Gate**

#### Characteristics

- Performs 'logical multiplication'
  - If all of the input are HIGH, then the output is HIGH.
  - If any of the input are LOW, then the output is LOW.
    - AND gate must at least have two (2) INPUTs, and must always have 1 (one) OUTPUT. The AND gate can have more than two INPUTs

#### Symbols





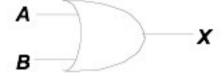


# **OR Gate**

#### Characteristics

- Performs 'logical addition'.
  - If any of the input are HIGH, then the output is HIGH.
  - If all of the input are LOW, then the output is LOW.

### Symbols

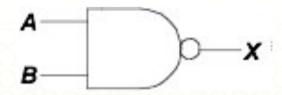






## **NAND** Gate

- NAND → NOT-AND ⇒ combines the AND gate and an inverter
- Used as a universal gate
  - Combinations of NAND gates can be used to perform AND,
     OR and inverter operations
  - If <u>all or any</u> of the input are LOW, then the output is HIGH.
  - If <u>all</u> of the input are HIGH, then the output is LOW.
- Symbol used:







## **NOR Gate**

- NOR → NOT-OR ⇒ combines the OR gate and an inverter
- Used as a universal gate
  - Combinations of NOR gates can be used to perform AND, OR and inverter operations
  - If <u>all or any</u> of the input are HIGH, then the output is LOW.
  - If <u>all</u> of the input are LOW, then the output is HIGH.
- Symbol used:





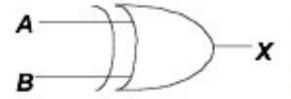


# **XOR Gate**

#### Characteristics

- Combines basic logic circuits of AND, OR and Inverter.
- Has only 2 inputs
- Used as a universal gate
  - Can be connected to form an adder that allows a computer to do perform addition, subtraction, multiplication and division in ALU (Arithmetic and Logic Unit).
  - If <u>both</u> of the input are at the <u>same logic level</u>, then the output is LOW.
  - If <u>both</u> of the input are at <u>opposite logic levels</u>, then the output is HIGH

#### Symbol







# **XNOR Gate**

#### Characteristics

- Has only 2 inputs, but output of XNOR is the opposite of XOR
  - If <u>both</u> of the input are at the <u>same logic level</u>, then the output is HIGH.
  - If <u>both</u> of the input are at <u>opposite logic levels</u>, then the output is LOW.

#### Symbol

